

Accelerate Your Innovation with Smarter Experiments

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The Digital Future of Science and Engineering

Myth or Reality?



Data Is The New Oil?

Oil powered the last industrial revolution, and data will fuel the next one.

But oil and data are very different: Oil is scarce and valuable, data is abundant but often worthless (like soot).

Scientists need to think more like diamond hunters.

Photo by Waldemar: <https://www.pexels.com/photo/rusty-oil-barrels-stacked-3151717/>

In the lab of the future, practical tasks will be automated and researchers will instead spend their time coding those machines and their data workflows. Really?

We don't say that if you want to use laboratory glassware you need to be a glassblower.

So why should you need to code to use the digital tools of science and engineering?

Scientists And Engineers All Need To Learn Python?

Closed-Loop, Self-Driving Labs Are The Future?

In the lab of the future experiments are run and analysed by automated hardware, and algorithms use the data to decide the next recipe to try, with no human intervention. Would that be good? This will be biased towards experiments that are easily automated. You need humans' less codifiable knowledge, theory, experience, intuition. And their intervention to safely explore new ranges of factors likes higher temperatures, concentrations or pressures.

Photo by Tara Winstead: <https://www.pexels.com/photo/robot-pointing-on-a-wall-8386440/>

Big Data And AI Is The Answer To Everything?

COVID was the biggest challenge of our lifetimes.

And AI and Big Data had no impact.

The big wins were all from small data statistics: REACT surveillance, Recovery trial, Vaccine Development.



Why Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments?

Companies: get better products to market, faster

Managers: ensure best use of science and engineering time and resource

Individuals: advance your career

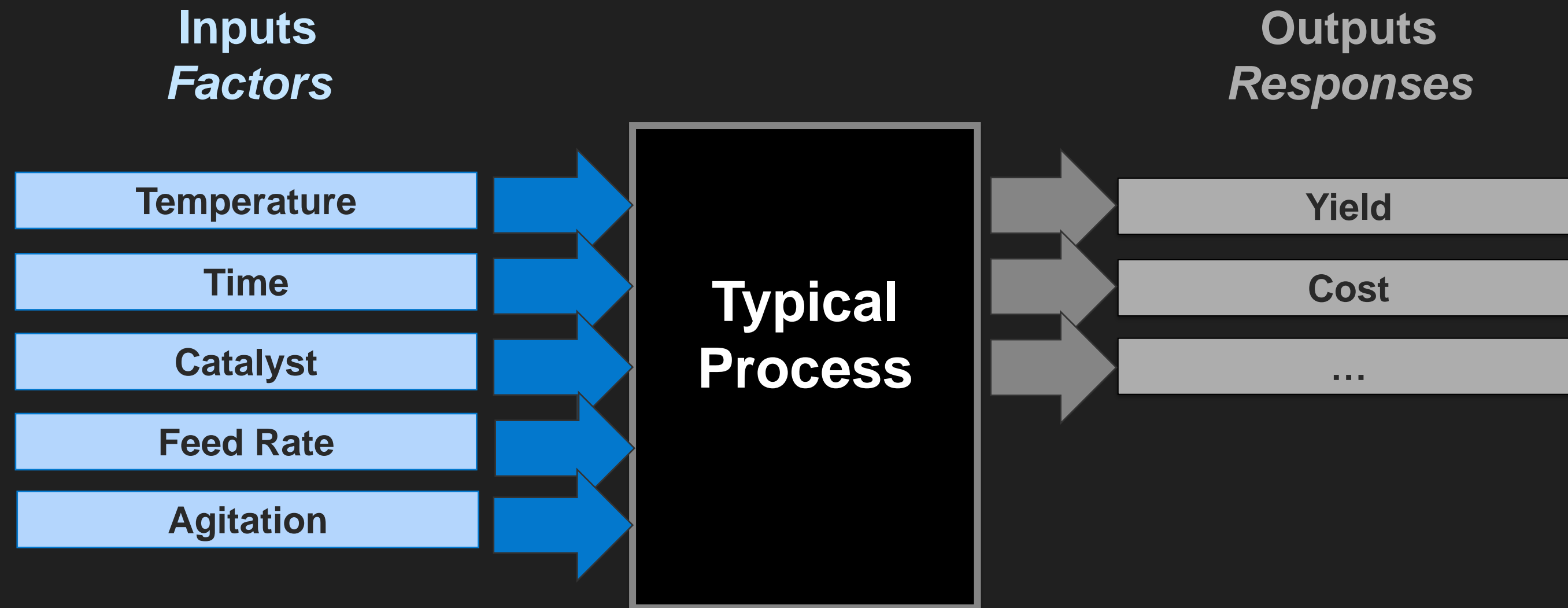
Why Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments?

Predictability

Productivity

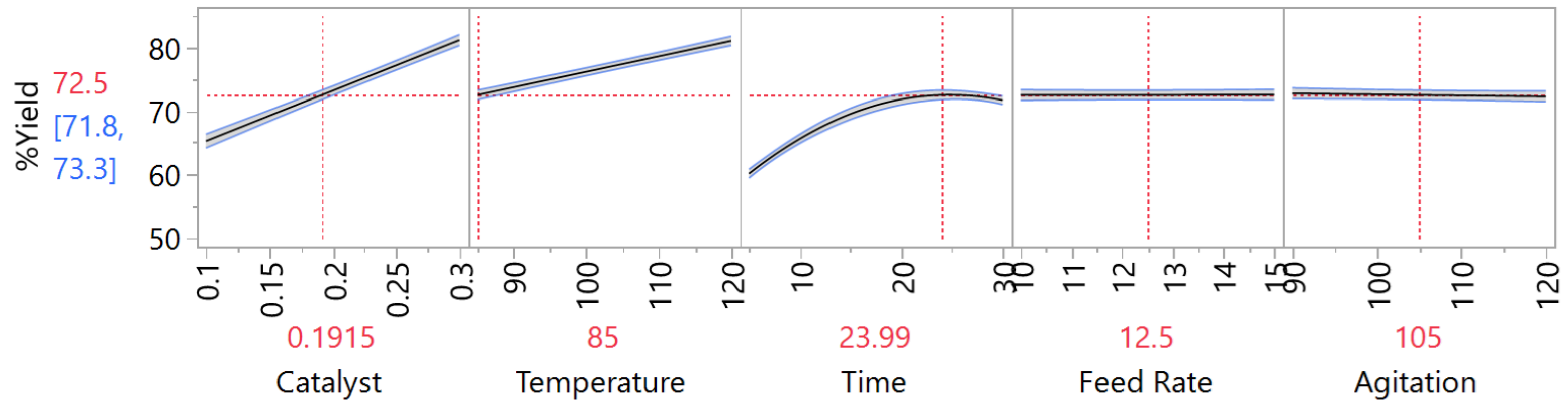
Promotion

Why Do We Experiment?



Process Understanding

Why Do We Experiment?



Process Understanding

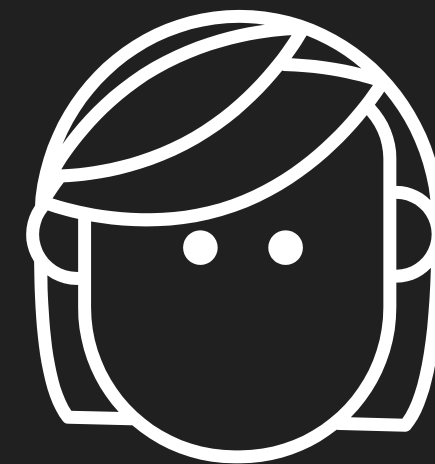
What's wrong with traditional “trial-and-error”, “the fair test”, and “one-factor-at-a-time”?

The Tale of Two Scientists

Once upon a time...



Dr Stevie
Principal Scientist



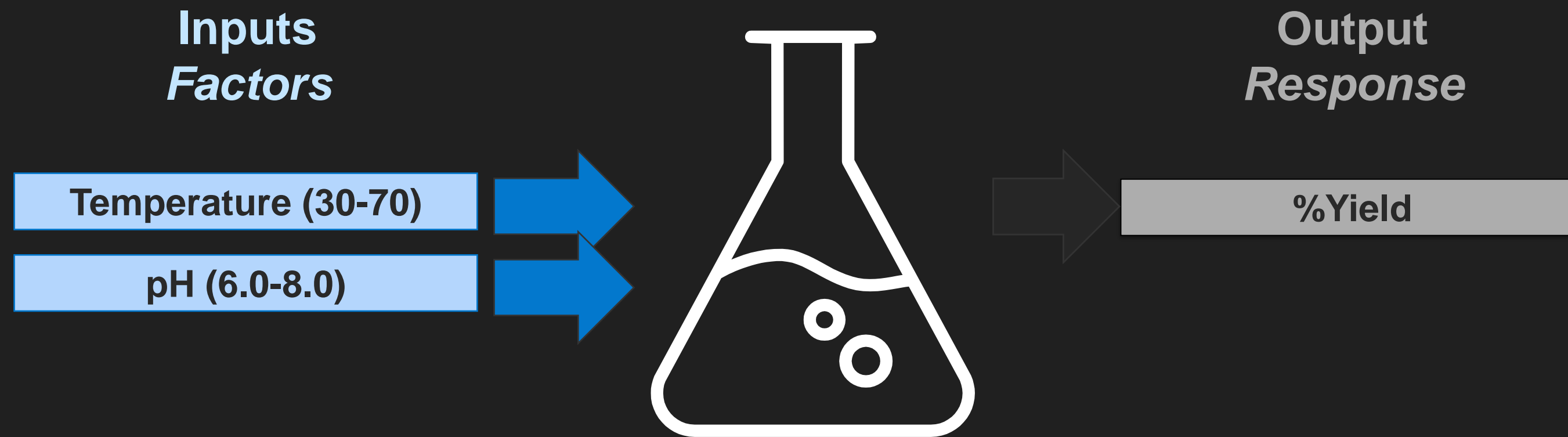
Dr Charlie
Associate Scientist

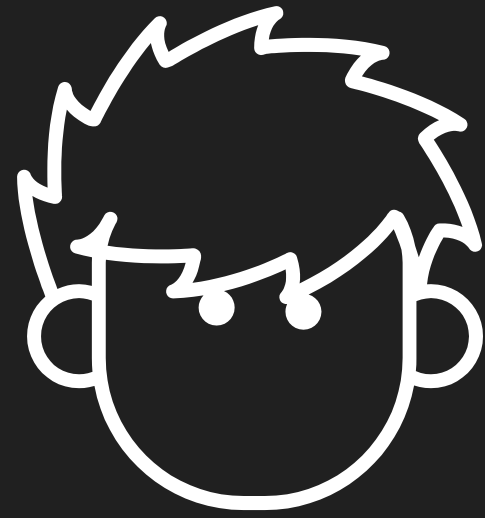


VP R&D

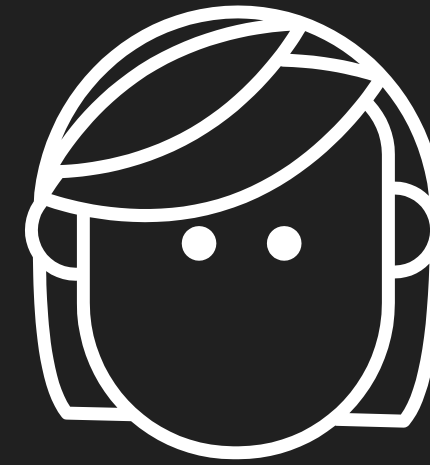
One day the VP of R&D came to them and said...

“You both have 9 attempts to maximise the yield of this process by changing only temperature and pH.”

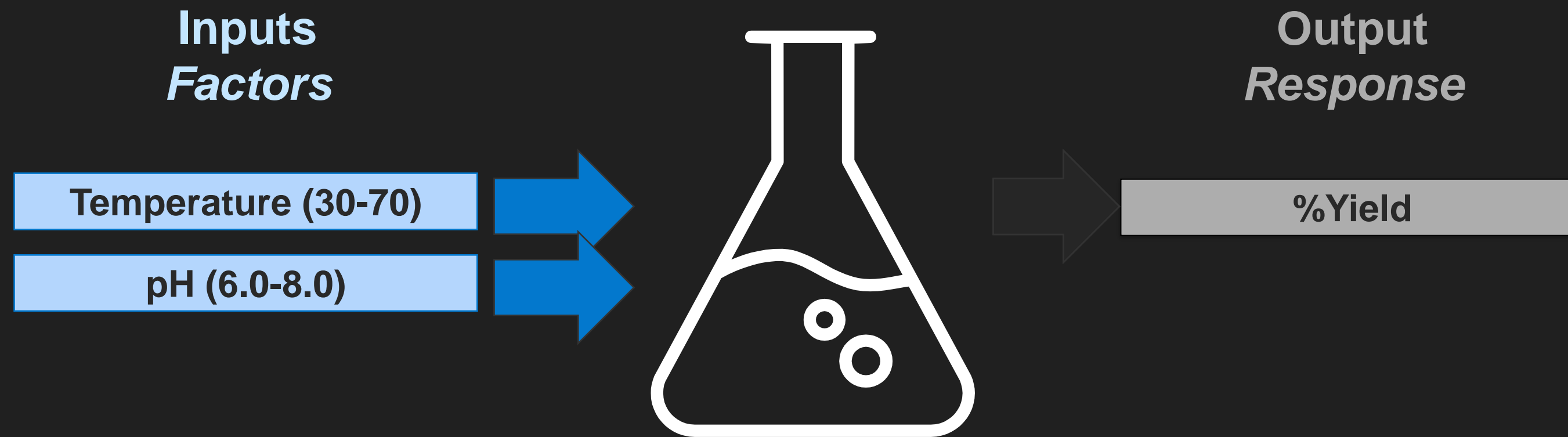




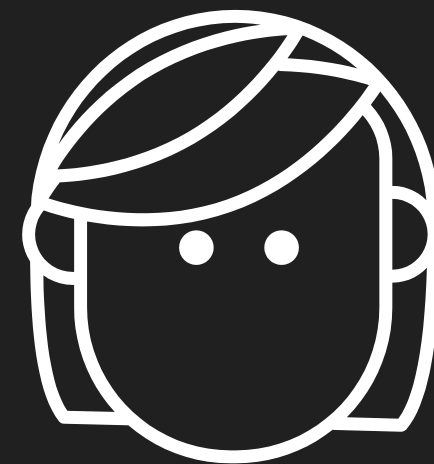
Dr Stevie: “I know exactly what I will do to win.”



Dr Charlie: “Oh dear! What should I do?”



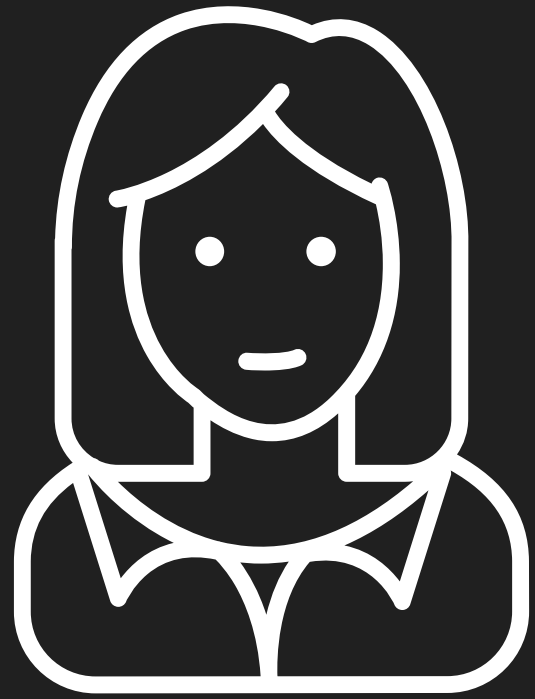
**Just then, a strange old man
appeared on Dr Charlie's LinkedIn
feed...**





“Vary all your factors at the same time to efficiently explore the full possibility space.”

Two weeks went by...

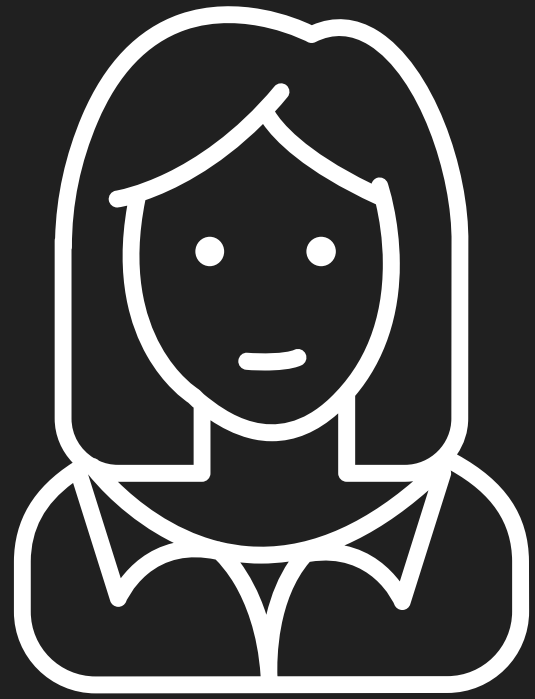


VP R&D

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2		Run	pH	Temperature	%Yield	
3		1	6.5	30	33	
4		2	6.5	40	44	
5		3	6.5	50	52	
6		4	6.5	60	55	
7		5	6.5	70	37	
8		6	6	60	38	
9		7	7	60	57	
10		8	7.5	60	51	
11		9	8	60	37	
12						



Dr Stevie



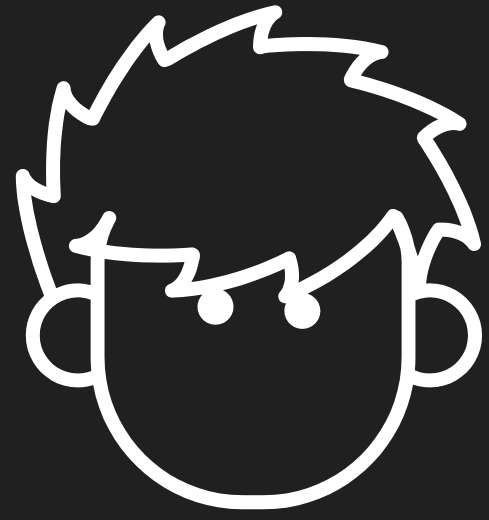
VP R&D

	Run	pH	Temperature	%Yield
1	1	6	30	8
2	2	8	50	64
3	3	6	70	32
4	4	6	50	30
5	5	7	50	66
6	6	8	30	86
7	7	8	70	9
8	8	7	30	62
9	9	7	70	33

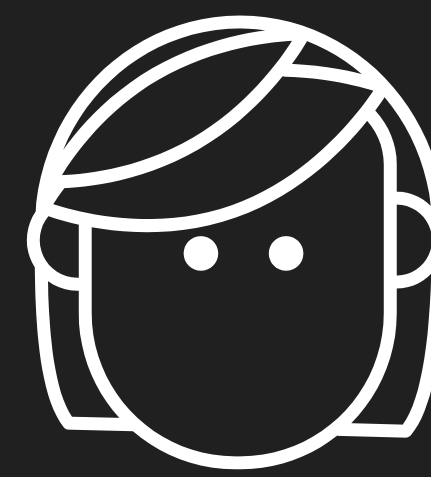


Dr Charlie

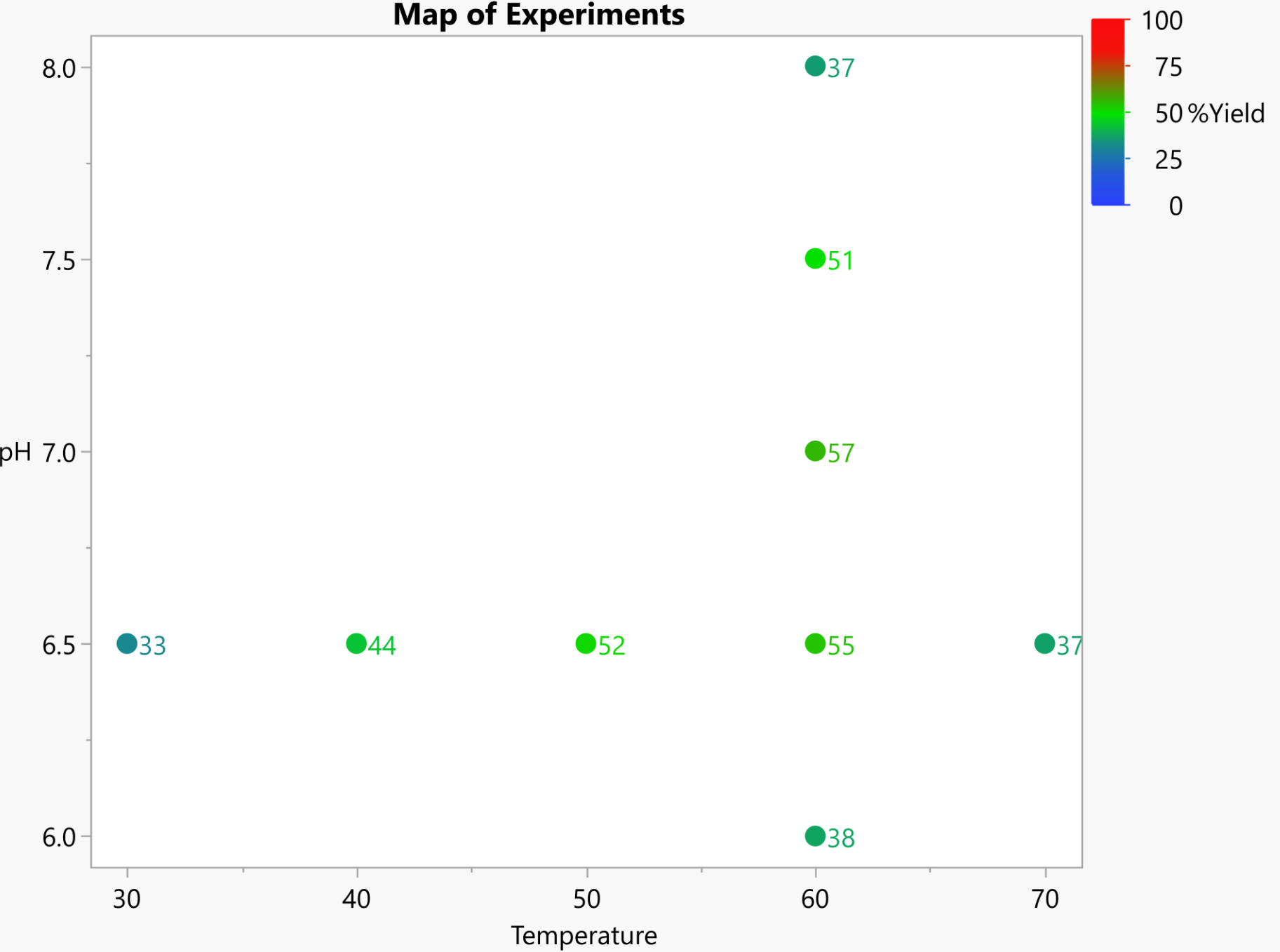
Dr Stevie



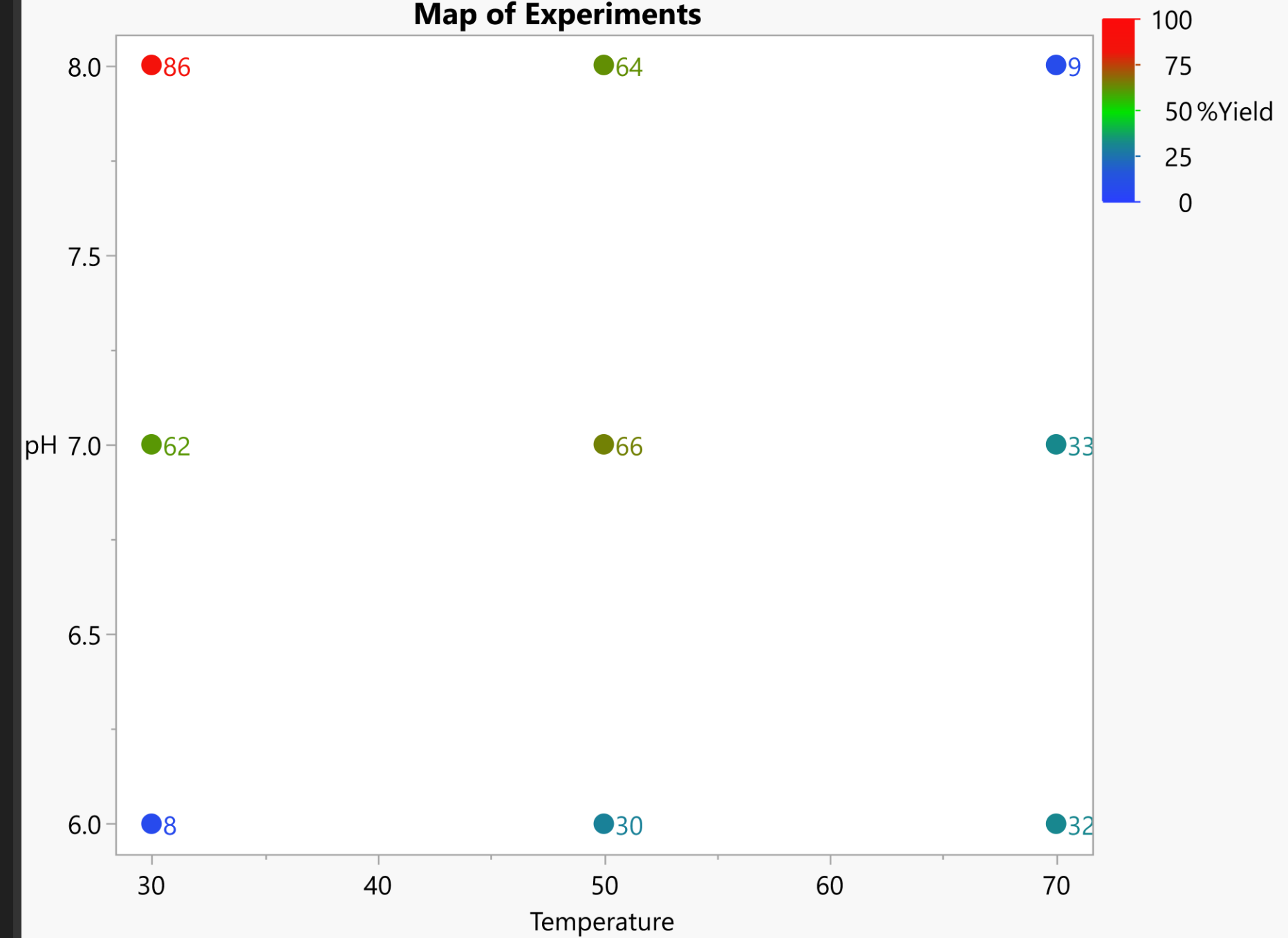
Dr Charlie

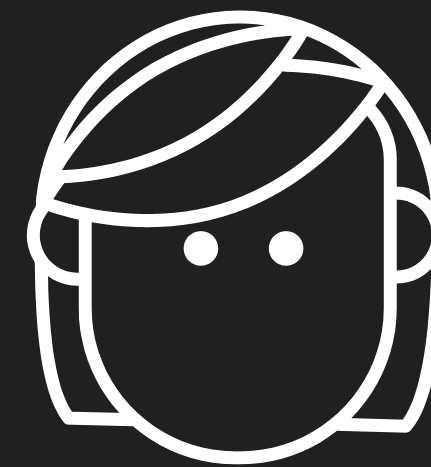


Map of Experiments

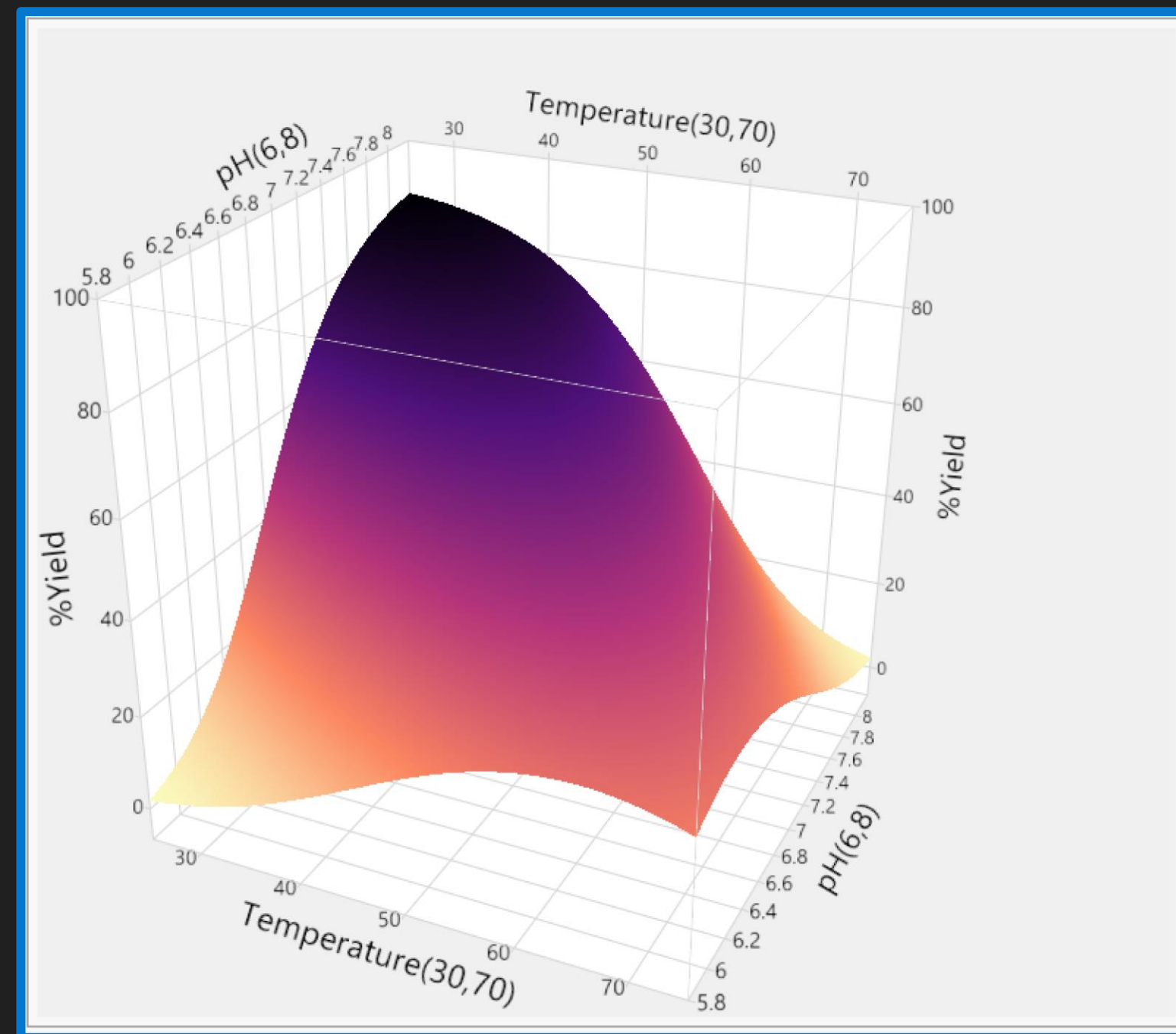
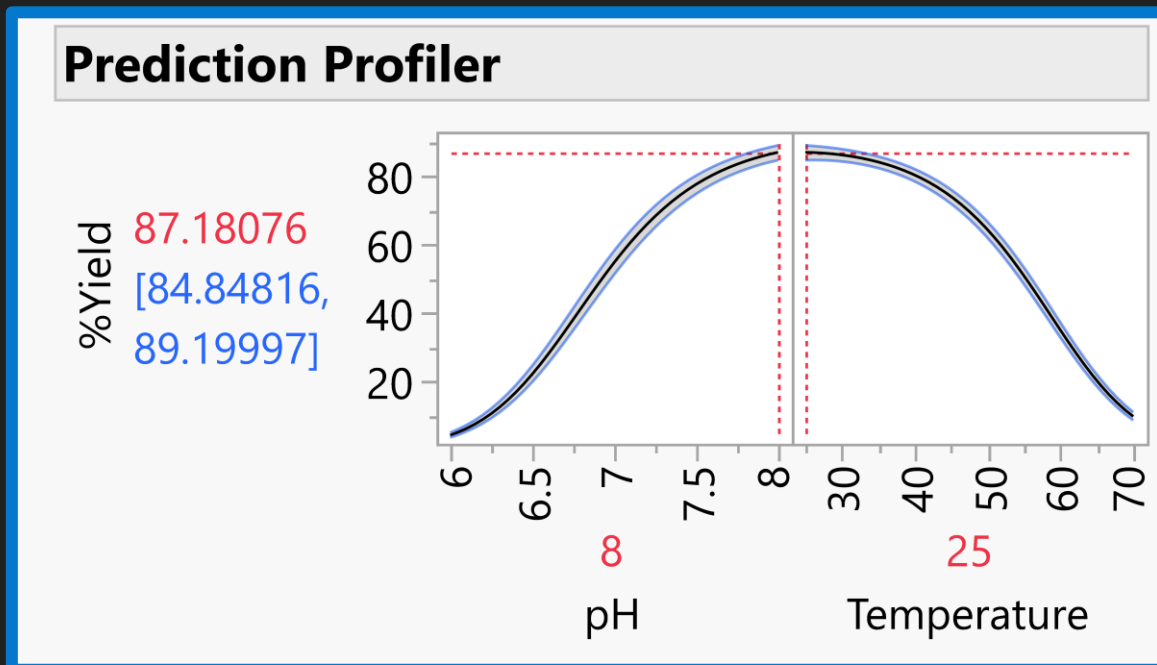
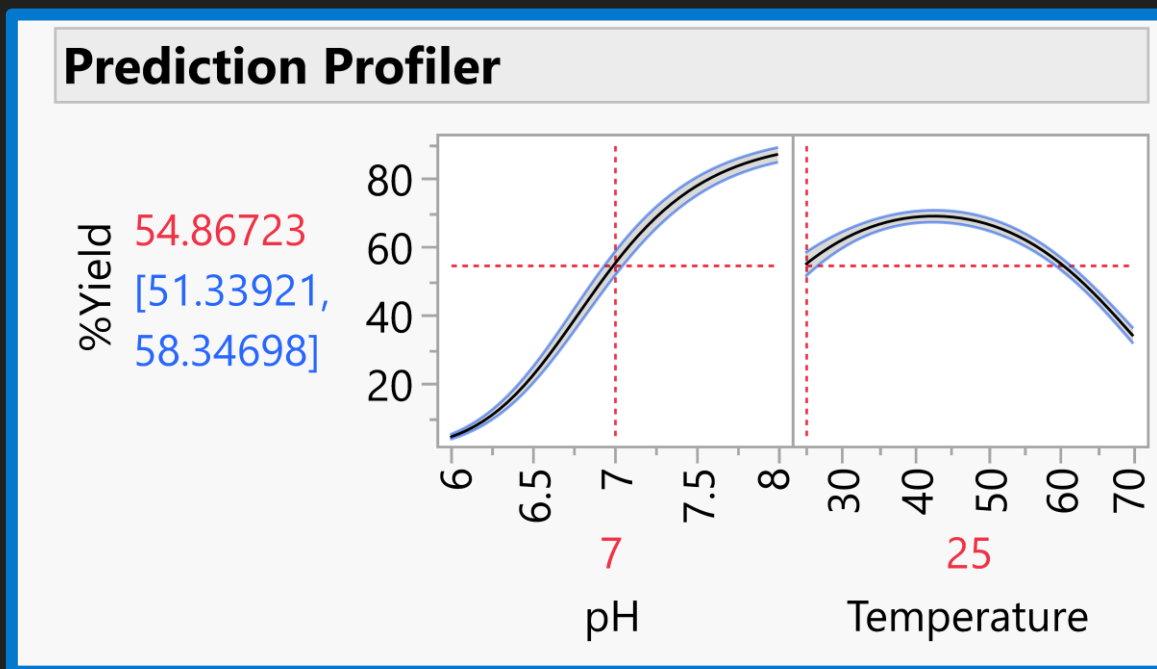


Map of Experiments



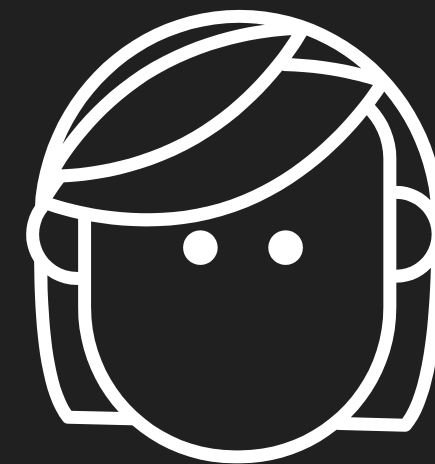


Dr Charlie



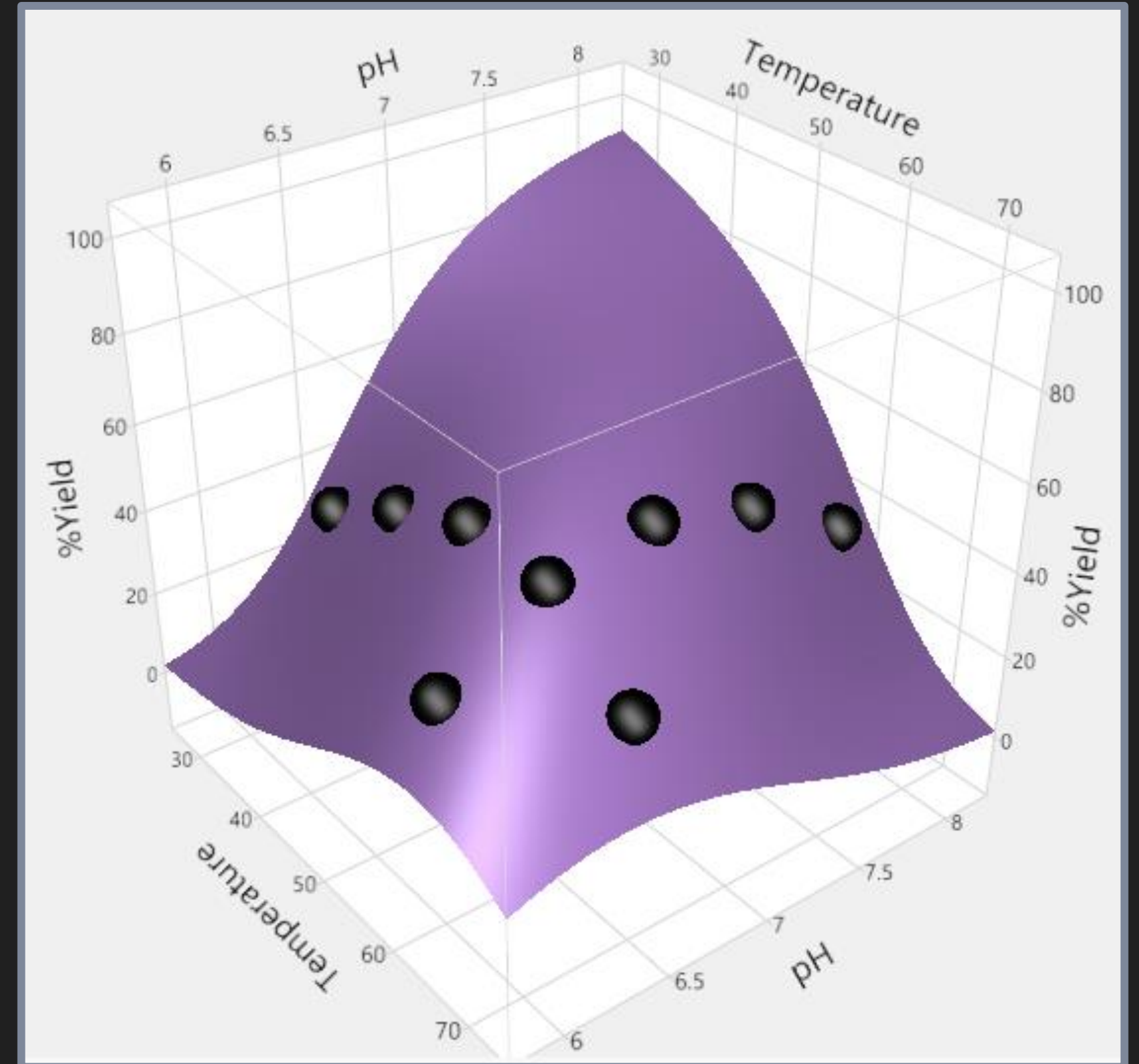
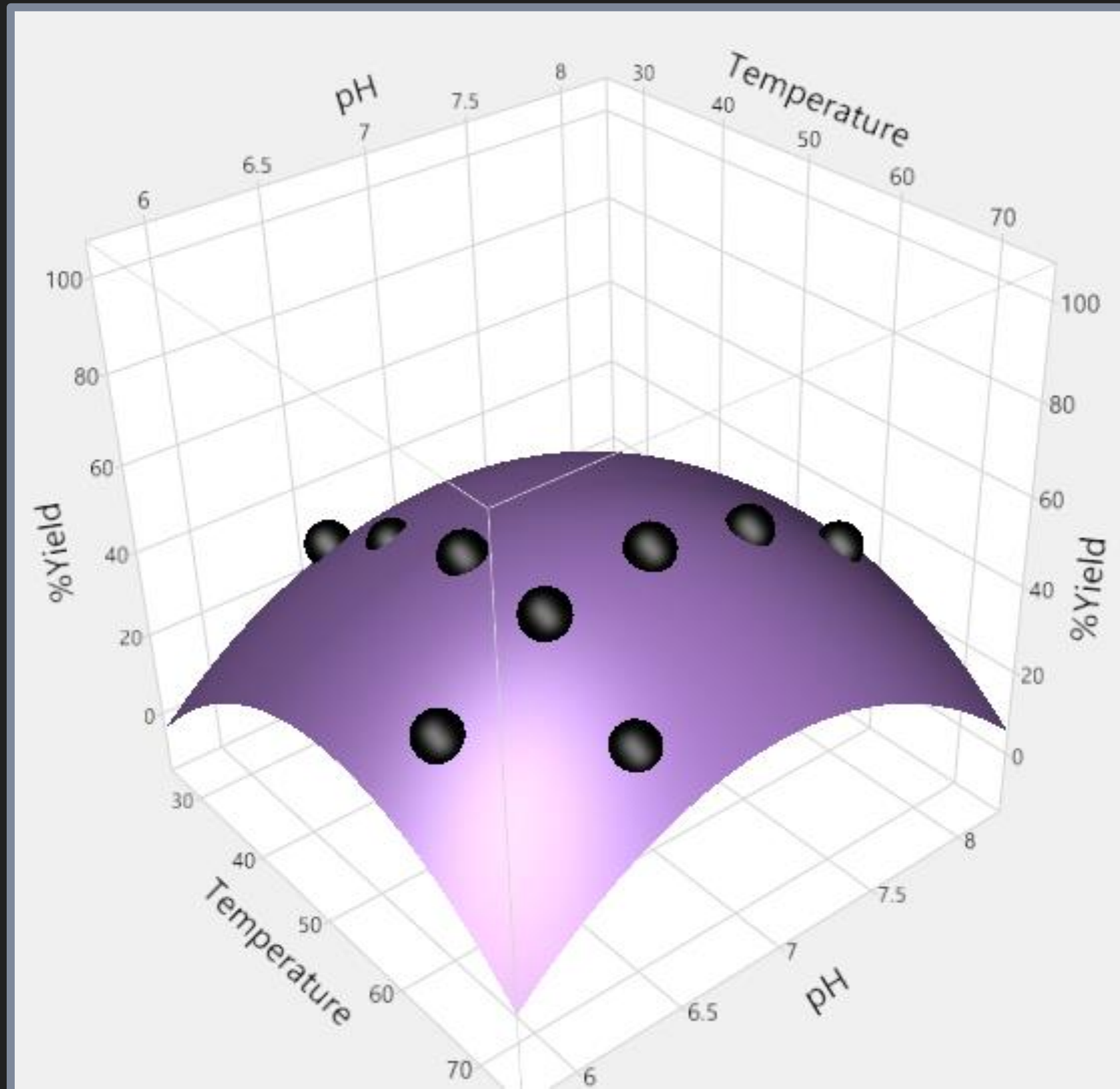


Dr Stevie
IT



Dr Charlie
Director of Innovation

One-Factor-At-a-Time Does Not Work



Design of Experiments

Maximise information by efficiently exploring all possibility space

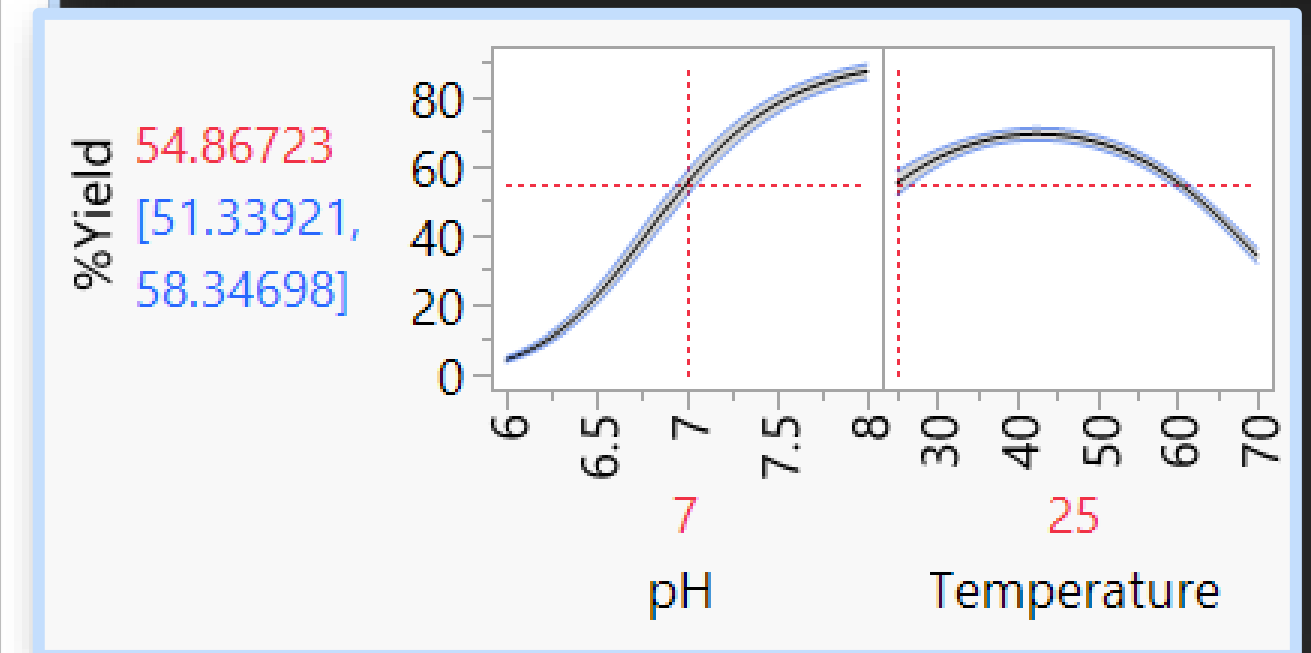
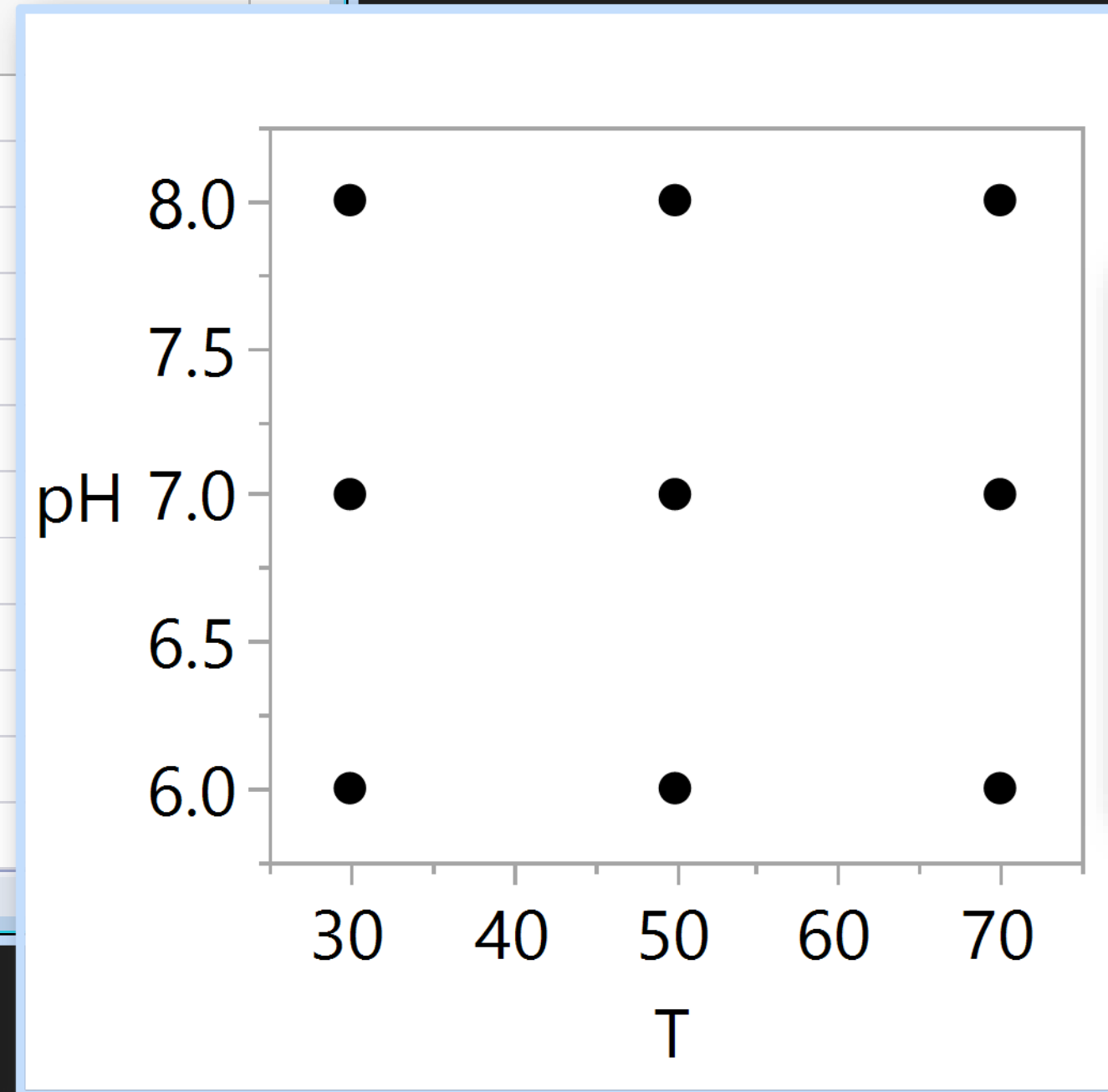
3x3 Factorial - JMP Pro

4/0

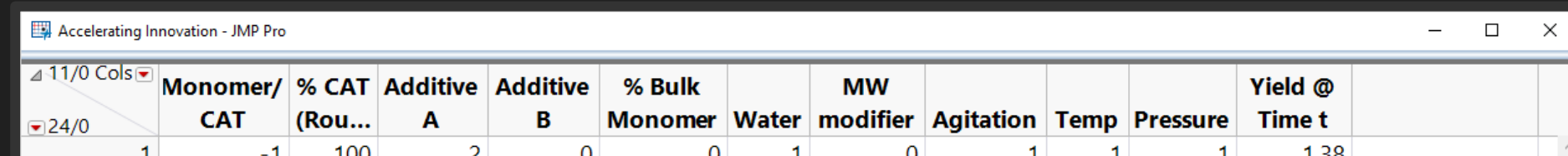
9/0

Run	T	pH	Yield
1	50	6	•
2	70	6	•
3	50	7	•
4	70	7	•
5	50	8	•
6	70	8	•
7	30	7	•
8	30	8	•
9	30	6	•

evaluations done



The \$100,000,000 data table



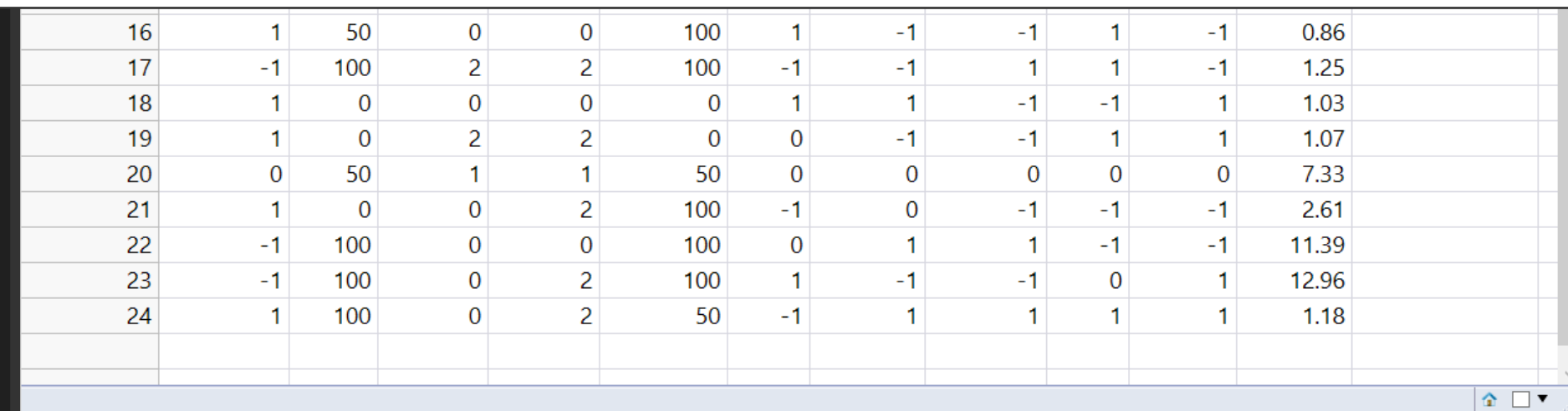
Accelerating Innovation - JMP Pro

11/0 Cols	Monomer/ CAT	% CAT (Rou...	Additive A	Additive B	% Bulk Monomer	Water	MW modifier	Agitation	Temp	Pressure	Yield @ Time t	
24/0	1	-1	100	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1.38

Big Data analytics is not always the answer.

This very small dataset was worth \$100M because it enabled a spin-out to commercialise their catalyst technology ahead of their competitors.

You need to build capability of how to use the right tools for the right objective.

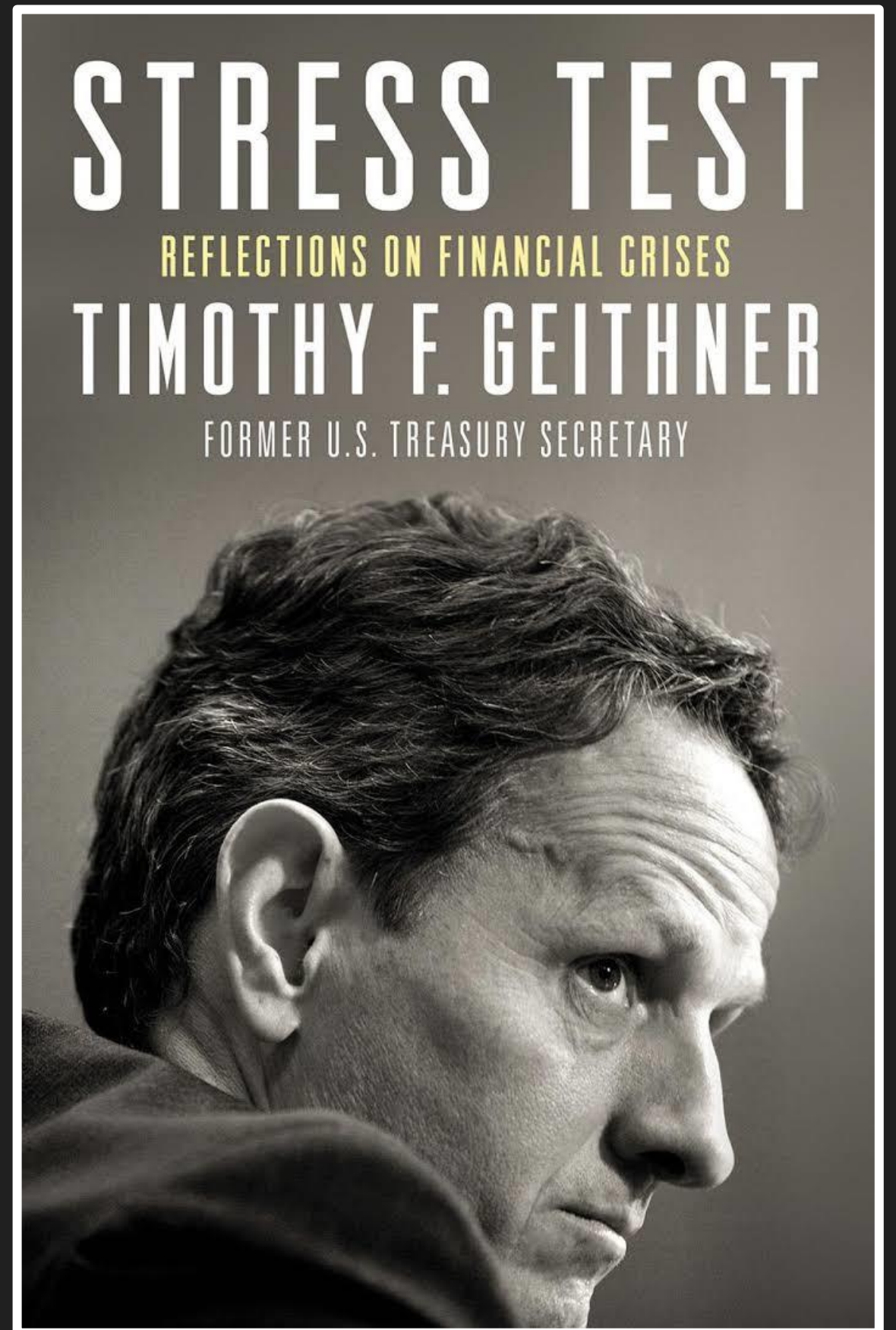


16	1	50	0	0	100	1	-1	-1	1	-1	0.86
17	-1	100	2	2	100	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1.25
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	-1	-1	1	1.03
19	1	0	2	2	0	0	-1	-1	1	1	1.07
20	0	50	1	1	50	0	0	0	0	0	7.33
21	1	0	0	2	100	-1	0	-1	-1	-1	2.61
22	-1	100	0	0	100	0	1	1	-1	-1	11.39
23	-1	100	0	2	100	1	-1	-1	0	1	12.96
24	1	100	0	2	50	-1	1	1	1	1	1.18

858 bytes

“Plan beats no plan”

“Hope is not a strategy”



Why Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments?

Organisations: better products and services to market, faster

Managers: ensure your scientists and engineers are most productive

Individuals: advance your career

Why Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments?

Predictability

Productivity

Promotion

