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JMP 머신러닝 기법을 적용한 롤러베어링 실시간고장감지 모니터링시스템 구축

2020. 11.

이광기상무

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JMP 기반 통계적 성능지표 선정

Python/JMP 실시간 이상감지 모니터링 시스템

롤러베어링
가속도 데이터

통계적 성능지표 선정
Peak, r.m.s,
Kurtosis,
Crest factor,
Clearance factor,
Impulse factor,
Shape factor r.m.s,
Entropy, **Skewness**, s.m.r,
5th n.m, 6th n.m,
Mean, Shape factor s.m.s

JMP script
기반
머신러닝 모델링

Neural Network,
Boosted Tree,
K Nearest Neighbors,
Support Vector
Machines

머신러닝 기반
모니터링 시스템
구축

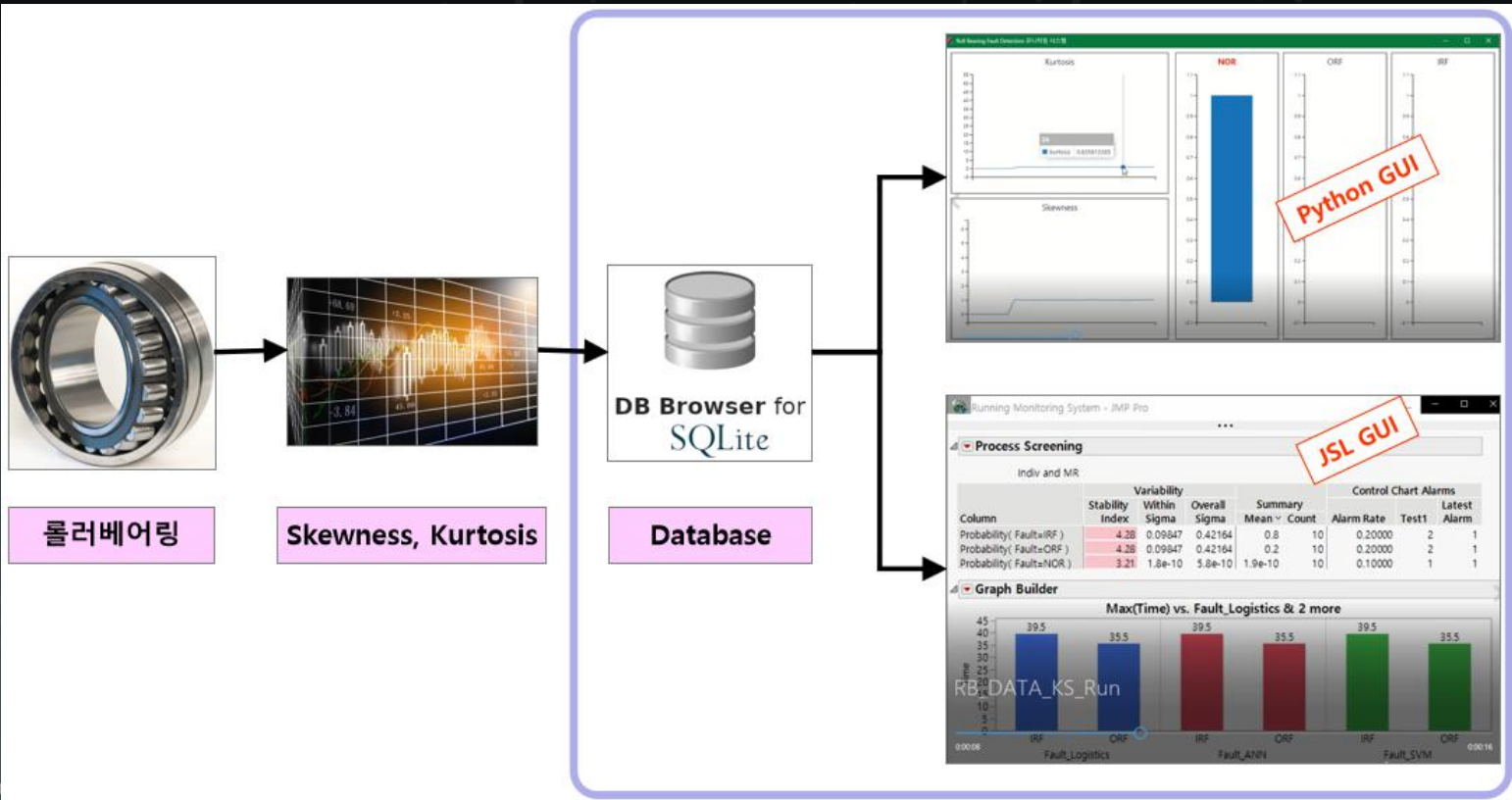
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jmp

과제 구현 이상 감지 모니터링 시스템



■ 고장 데이터

- 3 baseline conditions & 3 outer race fault conditions


> 270 lbs of load, sample rate of 97,656 cps, for 6 seconds

- 6 outer race fault conditions & 6 inner race fault conditions

> 25/50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 lbs of load, sample rate of 48,828 cps, for 3 seconds

Bearing Fault Dataset

A bearing fault dataset has been provided to facilitate research into bearing analysis. The dataset comprises data from a bearing test rig (nominal bearing data, outer race fault at various loads, and inner race fault and various loads), and three real-world faults.



Inner Race

The test rig was equipped with a NICE bearing with the following parameters:

- Roller diameter: rd = 0.235
- Pitch diameter: pd = 1.245
- Number of elements: ne = 8
- Contact angle: ca = 0

The data set1,2 comprises the following, and can be downloaded as a zip file package here: [Fault Data Sets](#)

- 3 baseline conditions: 270 lbs of load, input shaft rate of 25 Hz, sample rate of 97,656 sps, for 6 seconds
- 3 outer race fault conditions: 270 lbs of load, input shaft rate of 25 Hz, sample rate of 97,656 sps for 6 seconds
- 7 outer race fault conditions: 25, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 and 300 lbs of load, input shaft rate 25 Hz, sample rate of 48,828 sps for 3 seconds (bearing resonance was found to be less than 20 kHz)
- 7 inner race fault conditions: 0, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 and 300 lbs of load, input shaft rate of 25 Hz, sample rate of 48,828 sps for 3 seconds

NOR(Normal), ORF(Outer Race Fault), IRF(Inner Race Fault)
데이터(정상, 고장, 고장)

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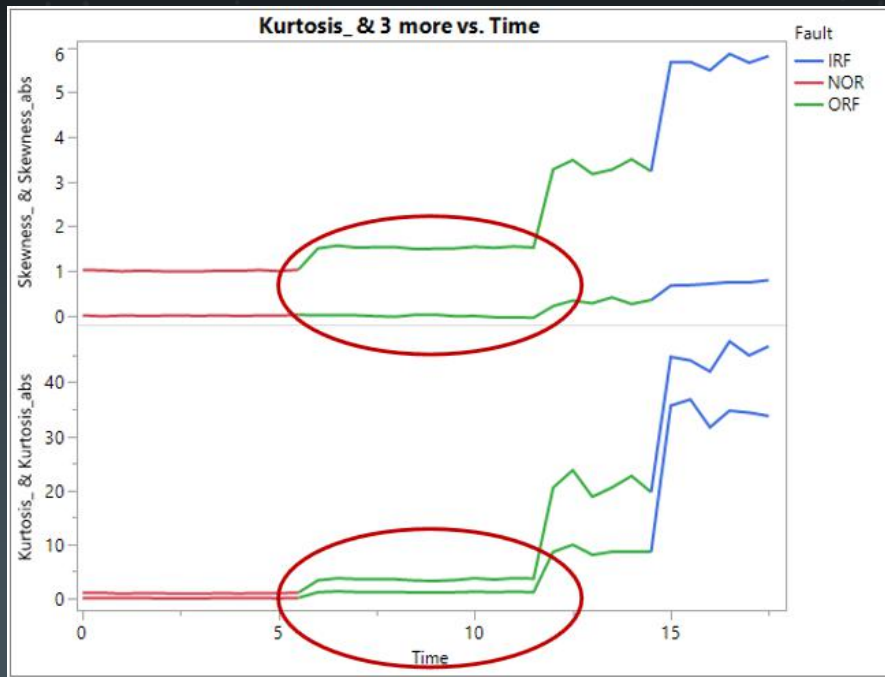
■ 롤러베어링 고장 감지를 위한 통계적 성능지표 선정

- Peak, r.m.s, **Kurtosis**, Crest factor, Clearance factor, Impulse factor
- Shape factor r.m.s, Entropy, **Skewness**, s.m.r, 5th n.m, 6th n.m
- Mean, Shape factor s.m.s

Parameters	Equations	Parameters	Equations	Parameters	Equations
Peak(s_{peak})	$\max(s)$	Shape factor	$\frac{s_{\text{rms}}}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N s_n }$	Mean(\bar{s})	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N s_n$
Root-mean-square (s_{rms})	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N s_n^2}$	Entropy	$-\sum_{n=1}^N p_n \cdot \log_2 p_n$	Shape factor square-mean-root	$\frac{s_{\text{smr}}}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N s_n }$
Kurtosis	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\frac{s_n - \bar{s}}{\sigma} \right)^4$	Skewness	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\frac{s_n - \bar{s}}{\sigma} \right)^3$		
Crest factor	$\frac{\max(s)}{s_{\text{rms}}}$	Square-mean-root (s_{smr})	$\left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \sqrt{ s_n } \right)^2$		
Clearance factor	$\frac{s_{\text{peak}}}{s_{\text{smr}}}$	5th normalized moment	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\frac{s_n - \bar{s}}{\sigma} \right)^5$		
Impulse factor	$\frac{\max(s)}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N s_n }$	6th normalized moment	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\frac{s_n - \bar{s}}{\sigma} \right)^6$		

롤러베어링 고장 감지를 위한 통계적 성능지표 선정

- 롤러베어링 가속도 신호에 절대값을 취하고 0.5초 단위로 에버리징
> NOR(Normal), ORF(Outer Race Fault), IRF(Inner Race Fault)

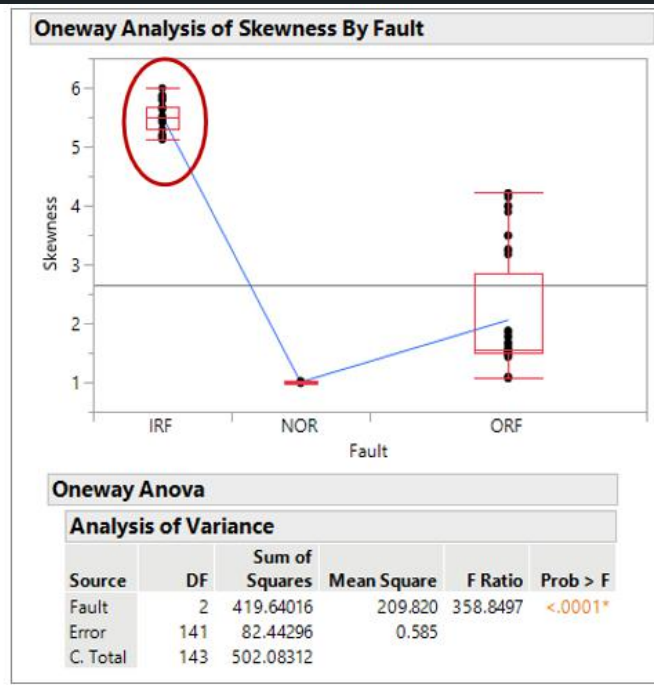
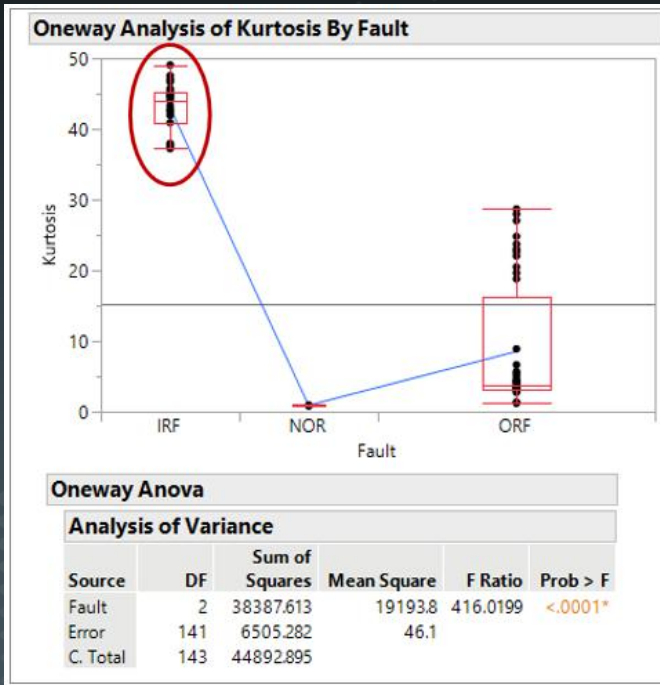


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- 롤러베어링 가속도 신호에 절대값을 취하고 0.5초 단위로 에버리징
 - > NOR(Normal), ORF(Outer Race Fault), IRF(Inner Race Fault) ANOVA
 - > Skewness, Kurtosis 유의차 보임

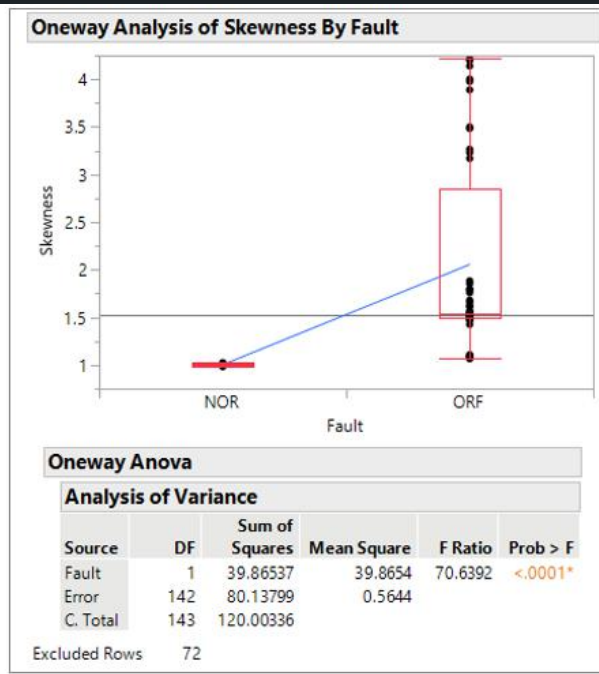
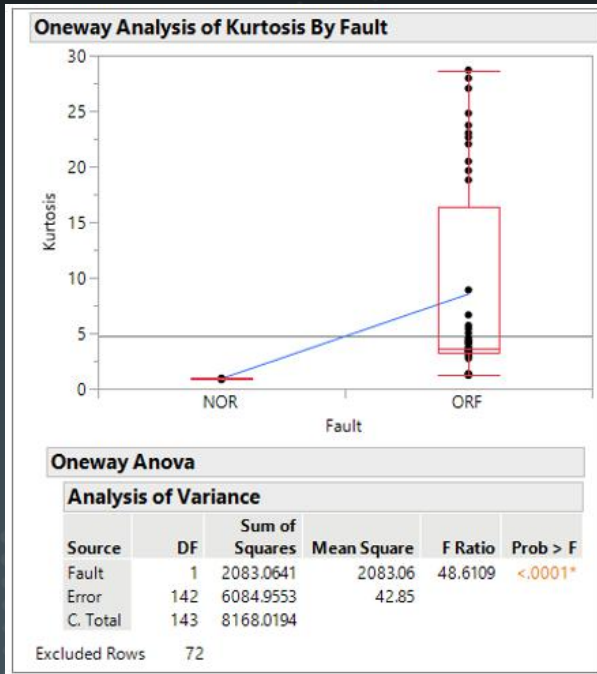


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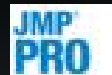
> NOR(Normal), ORF(Outer Race Fault), IRF(Inner Race Fault) ANOVA

> Skewness, Kurtosis 유의차 보임

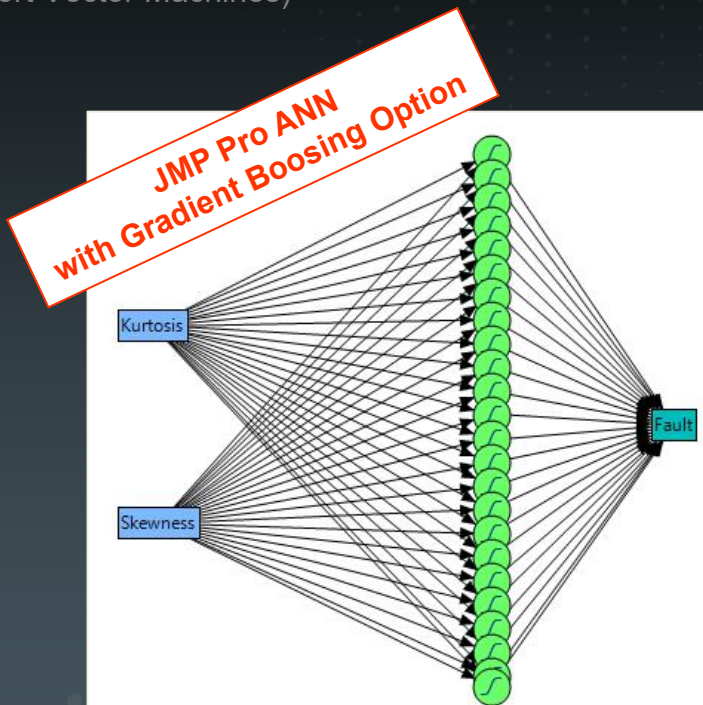


롤러베어링 머신러닝 모델링

- Skewness, Kurtosis 값을 입력변수로 하여 NOR, ORF, IRF 고장 감지 모델링
 - > 머신러닝: ANN(Artificial Neural Network), SVM(Support Vector Machines)
 - > 로지스틱 회귀: NL(Nominal Logistics)



Model NTanH(3)NBoost(8)			
Training		Validation	
Fault			
Measures	Value	Measures	Value
Generalized RSquare	0.9999999	Generalized RSquare	0.9999999
Entropy RSquare	0.9999995	Entropy RSquare	0.9999997
RMSE	2.539e-6	RMSE	6.9591e-7
Mean Abs Dev	5.8313e-7	Mean Abs Dev	3.4609e-7
Misclassification Rate	0	Misclassification Rate	0
-LogLikelihood	8.3971e-5	-LogLikelihood	2.4919e-5
Sum Freq	144	Sum Freq	72
Confusion Matrix		Confusion Matrix	
Actual	Predicted Count	Actual	Predicted Count
Fault	IRF NOR ORF	Fault	IRF NOR ORF
IRF	48 0 0	IRF	24 0 0
NOR	0 48 0	NOR	0 24 0
ORF	0 0 48	ORF	0 0 24
Confusion Rates		Confusion Rates	
Actual	Predicted Rate	Actual	Predicted Rate
Fault	IRF NOR ORF	Fault	IRF NOR ORF
IRF	1.000 0.000 0.000	IRF	1.000 0.000 0.000
NOR	0.000 1.000 0.000	NOR	0.000 1.000 0.000
ORF	0.000 0.000 1.000	ORF	0.000 0.000 1.000

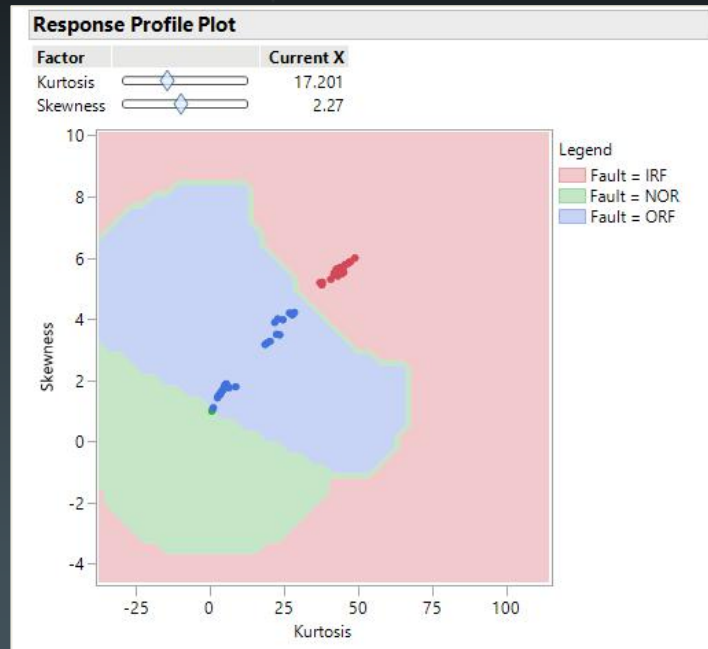


롤러베어링 머신러닝 모델링

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 - > 로지스틱 회귀: NL(Nominal Logistics)



Support Vector Machine Model 1					
Confusion Matrix					
Training					
		Misclassification Rate			
Actual Fault	Predicted Rate	IRF	NOR	ORF	Rate
IRF	1.000	0.000	0.000		0.0000
NOR	0.000	1.000	0.000		
ORF	0.000	0.000	1.000		
Actual Fault	Predicted Count	IRF	NOR	ORF	
IRF	72	0	0		
NOR	0	72	0		
ORF	0	0	72		



롤러베어링 머신러닝 모델링

- Skewness, Kurtosis 값을 입력변수로 하여 NOR, ORF, IRF 고장 감지 모델링
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 - > 로지스틱 회귀: NL(Nominal Logistics), GR(Generalized Regression)

Nominal Logistic Fit for Fault
Converged in Gradient, 23 iterations

Confusion Matrix

Training

Actual	Predicted Count		
Fault	IRF	NOR	ORF
IRF	72	0	0
NOR	0	72	0
ORF	0	0	72

Multinomial Maximum Likelihood

Confusion Matrix

Training

Actual	Predicted Rate		
Fault	IRF	NOR	ORF
IRF	1.000	0.000	0.000
NOR	0.000	1.000	0.000
ORF	0.000	0.000	1.000

Misclassification Rate
0.0000

[추가] Generalized Regression



Multinomial Lasso with AICc Validation

Confusion Matrix

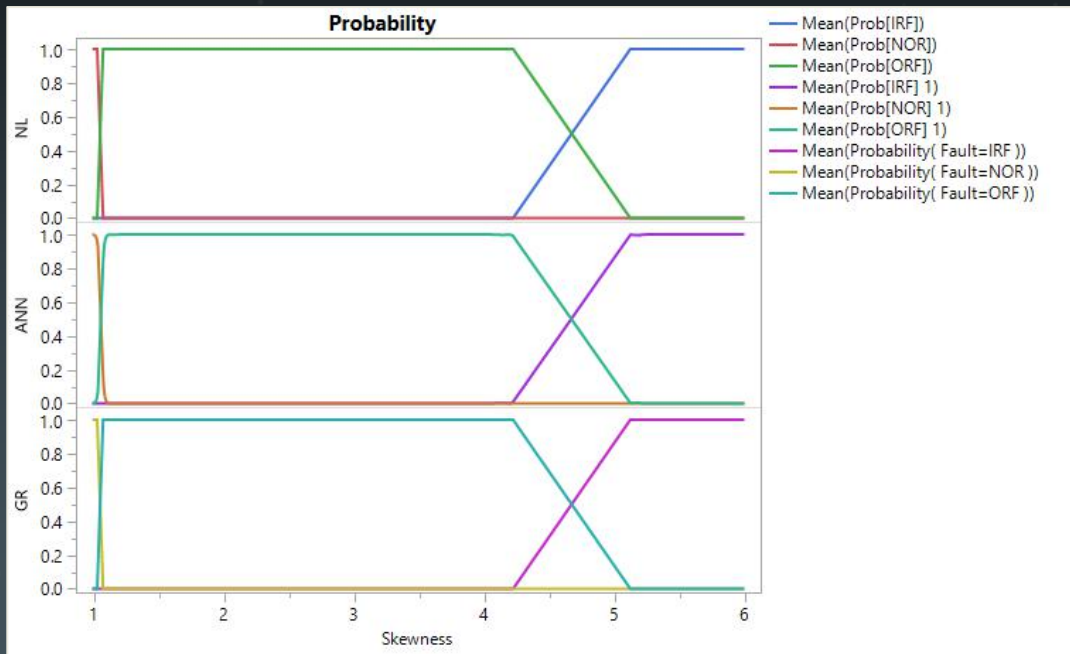
Training

Actual	Predicted Rate			Misclassification Rate
Fault	IRF	NOR	ORF	
IRF	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.0000
NOR	0.000	1.000	0.000	
ORF	0.000	0.000	1.000	

Actual	Predicted Count		
Fault	IRF	NOR	ORF
IRF	72	0	0
NOR	0	72	0
ORF	0	0	72

롤러베어링 머신러닝 모델링

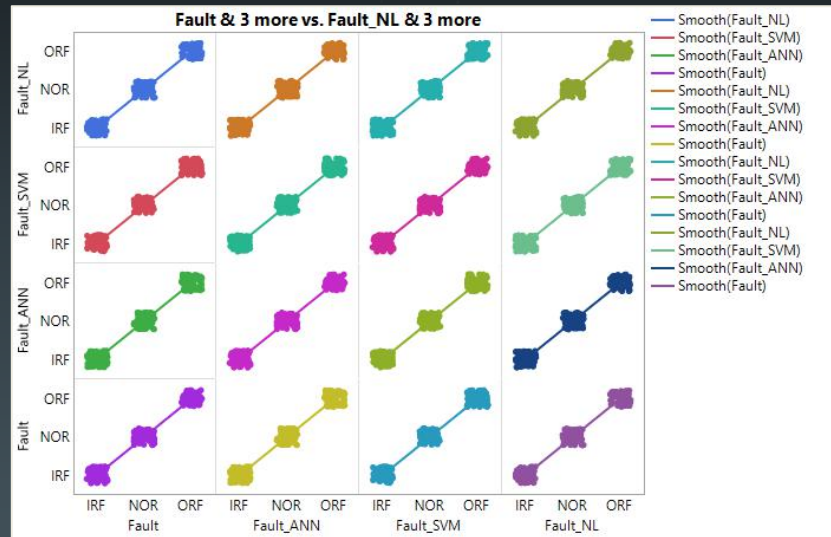
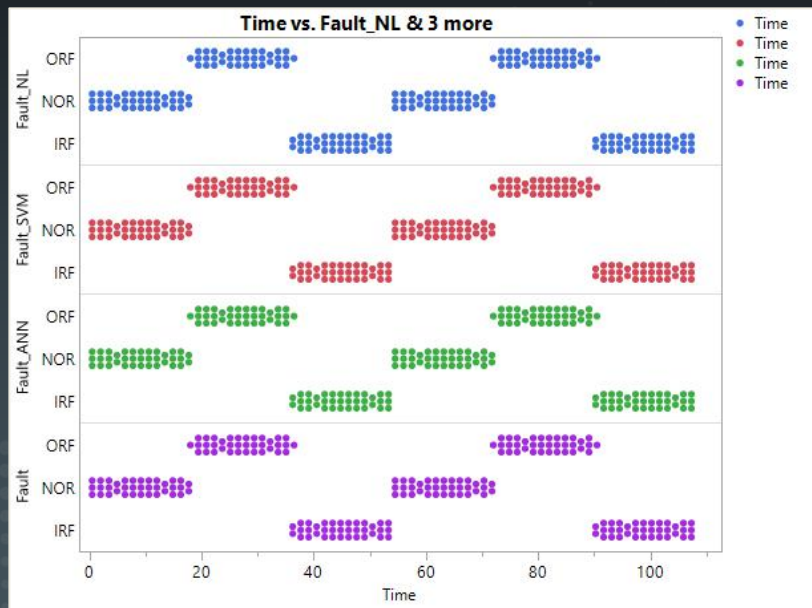
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롤러베어링 머신러닝 모델링 검증

- 학습 데이터(Fault)를 100% 학습(Fault_ANN, Fault_SVM, Fault_NL)

> 학습 데이터 Fault를 Fault_ANN, Fault_SVM, Fault_NL 3가지 모델 모두 100% 예측 확인



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롤러베어링 머신러닝 이상 감지 모니터링 시스템 구축

- 고장 진단 모델링 수식을 JMP Pro의 **Python Code Generation**을 적용하여 모니터링 시스템 구축



The screenshot displays the JMP Pro interface with several windows open. On the left, the 'Formula Depot' window shows a list of formula scripts, including 'Probability(Fault=IRF)', 'Probability(Fault=NOR)', 'Probability(Fault=ORF)', 'Fault_ANN', 'Model IRF vs NOR', 'Model IRF vs ORF', 'Model NOR vs ORF', and 'Fault_SVM'. The 'Neural - Fault' script is selected. In the center, the 'Neural - Fault 1' and 'Neural - Fault 2' scripts are visible, showing their respective metadata and factors. On the right, the 'Neural_Fault - JMP Pro' window displays the Python code generated for the neural network model. The code includes functions for getting input and output metadata, and a score function that uses the 'Probability(Fault=IRF)' formula.

```
def getInputMetadata():
    return {
        u"Kurtosis": "float",
        u"Skewness": "float"
    }

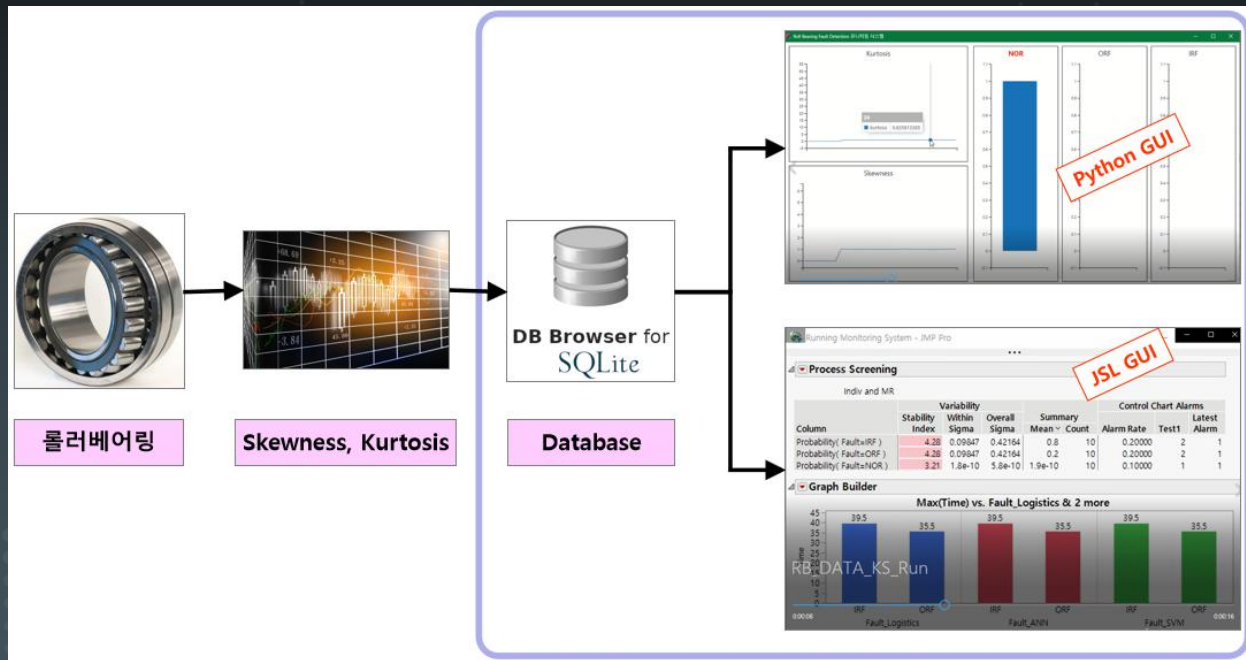
def getOutputMetadata():
    return {
        u"Probability( Fault=IRF )": "float"
    }

def score(indata, outdata):
    outdata[u"Probability( Fault=IRF )"] = jmp.exp((-7.66546746229118 + 39.7873872582737 * tanh((-42.9
```

Python Code for
Artificial Neural Network

롤러베어링 머신러닝 이상 감지 모니터링 시스템 구축

- RB_DATA_KS.db: time, Skewness, Kurtosis 입력 데이터 데이터베이스
- RB_Neural_Fault_Eqn.py: 신경망 고장 감지 수식
- Python GUI 구축(JSL GUI 구축)



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- 데모

> JSL 데모

> Python 데모

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